Statement of Verification

BREG EN EPD No.: 000328

This is to verify that the

Environmental Product Declaration provided by:

EcoTherm Insulation Ltd

is in accordance with the requirements of:

EN 15804:2012+A1:2013

anc

BRE Global Scheme Document SD207

This declaration is for: EcoTherm Eco-Liner

Company Address

Harvey Rd Burnt Mills Industrial Estate Basildon SS13 1QJ



BRE/Global

EPD

erified



Emma Baker Signed for BRE Global Ltd Operator

05 January 2021 Date of First Issue 05 January 2021 Date of this Issue

Issue 01

04 January 2026 Expiry Date



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Environmental Product Declaration

EPD Number: 000328

General Information

EPD Programme Operator	Applicable Product Category Rules					
BRE Global Watford, Herts WD25 9XX United Kingdom	BRE Environmental Profiles 2013 Product Category Rules for Type III environmental product declaration of construction products to EN 15804:2012+A1:2013					
Commissioner of LCA study	LCA consultant/Tool					
EcoTherm Insulation UK Ltd Harvey Rd Burnt Mills Industrial Estate Basildon SS13 1QJ	BRE LINA Tool v2.07					
Declared/Functional Unit	Applicability/Coverage					
1m ² of PIR insulation at a thickness that gives an R- value of 3.000m ² .K/W	Product Specific.					
ЕРД Туре	Background database					
Cradle to Gate with options	Ecoinvent 3.2					
Demonstra	tion of Verification					
CEN standard EN 15	5804 serves as the core PCR ^a					
Independent verification of the declara	ation and data according to EN ISO 14025:2010 ⊠ External					
	riate ^b)Third party verifier: ligel Jones					
a: Product category rules b: Optional for business-to-business communication; mandatory for business-to-consumer communication (see EN ISO 14025:2010, 9.4)						
Comparability						
EN 15804:2012+A1:2013. Comparability is further dep	programmes may not be comparable if not compliant with endent on the specific product category rules, system boundaries ause 5.3 of EN 15804:2012+A1:2013 for further guidance					

Information modules covered

Product			Const	ruction	Rel	Use stage Related to the building fabric Related				End-of-life			Benefits and loads beyond the system boundary			
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Raw materials supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport to site	Construction – Installation	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Deconstruction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse, Recovery and/or Recycling potential
$\mathbf{\nabla}$	\checkmark	\checkmark	V	V									$\mathbf{\nabla}$	V	V	

Note: Ticks indicate the Information Modules declared.

Manufacturing site(s)

EcoTherm Insulation UK Ltd Harvey Rd Burnt Mills Industrial Estate Basildon SS13 1QJ Torvale Industrial Estate Pembridge Herefordshire HR6 9LA

Construction Product

Product Description

EcoTherm Eco-Liner insulation baseboards consist of a high performance rigid thermoset fibre free PIR insulation core faced with Bilaminate foil/kraft paper facing on both sides. Product information is available on EcoTherm.co.uk

Technical Information

Property	Value, Unit
Thermal Conductivity - EN 13166:2012+A2:2016	0.022 W/m.K (25 – 70mm)
Compressive strength at 10% compression	140 kPa
Board Size at range of thicknesses	1.2 x 2.4 m

Main Product Contents

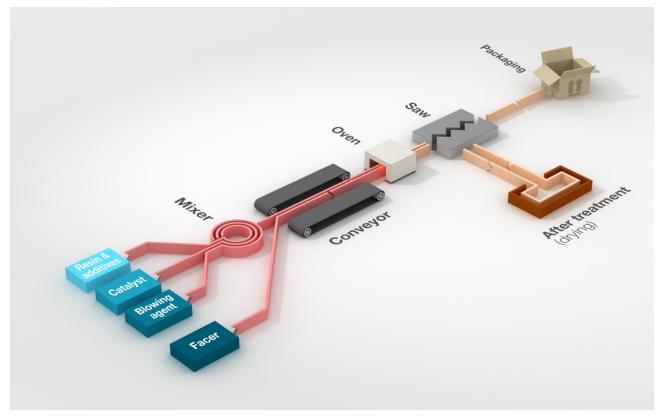
Material/Chemical Input	%
Rigid thermoset fibre free PIR insulation core	79%
Foil facer	21%

*Average percentages applicable for 1m² of insulation at thickness that gives an R-value of 3.000 m²K/W

Manufacturing Process

EcoTherm PIR is made through a manufacturing process in which a foam forms an insulating core between two facing elements. At the start of the process a mix of chemicals is added directly to the bottom layer of facing and then expands to meet the top layer of facing. As it dries, the foam becomes tacky and adheres itself to the facing, top and bottom. Once it has reached the necessary thickness the foam is cooked under pressure. The insulation boards are then cut into the necessary sizes, packaged and sent to the loading bay for collection.

Process flow diagram



Construction Installation

The product will be installed in a variety of building wall applications using standard construction techniques.

Use Information

The product will be left alone after installation, and there are no known associated environmental impacts.

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End of Life

The insulation will be removed for disposal when the building reaches the end of its life.

Life Cycle Assessment Calculation Rules

Declared / Functional unit description

1m² of insulation at a thickness that gives an R-value of 3.00m².K/W

System boundary

Cradle to gate with options: Modules A1-3, A4, A5, C2, C3 and C4.

The following processes are included in the A1-A3 production stage: Manufacture of preliminary products (resin, blowing agent, additives). Transportation of raw materials and preliminary products to the manufacturing site. Manufacturing process on the production site including, energy, disposal of residual materials, water consumption and VOC emissions to air.

The following process is included within the A4 construction stage: Transportation of the product to the construction site.

The following processes are included in the A5 construction stage: installation wastage rate, material wastes produced by installation.

The following processes are included in the C2, C3 and C4 End of life scenarios: Transportation of waste from the construction site to the waste processing plant, waste processing operations for recovery, waste sent to landfill.

Data sources, quality and allocation

This EPD covers all EcoTherm Eco-Liner insulation board is manufactured at the Basildon and Pembridge, representing 100% of production of these products in 2018 over all EcoTherm production sites included in this EPD, and 6.8% of the total site output at the Basildon site (458.91 tonnes) and 0.2% at the Pembridge site (48.15 tonnes).

A profile for the PIR foam was created separately as this covered a range of PIR products. The profile included all the impacts from the manufacture of the product, including all the data for the following sections: 'ancillary materials', 'packaging', 'fuel/energy', 'water', 'emissions to air, water and soil', 'production waste, 'other waste' and 'water discharged'. Allocation of these factors to the products was achieved by using a proportion of the total PIR foam output. The foam profile was then used as an input for this (and other) end product profiles.

Secondary data has been drawn from the BRE LINA database v2.0.62 and the background LCI datasets are based on Ecoinvent v3.2.

Cut-off criteria

No inputs or outputs have been excluded. All raw materials, packaging materials, associated transport to the manufacturing site, and from the manufacturing site to the building site, process energy, water use, direct production waste, installations waste and emissions are included.

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LCA Results

(MND = module not declared; MNR = module not relevant; INA = indicator not assessed; AGG = aggregated)

Parameters	describing e	enviro	nmental	impacts					
			GWP	ODP	AP	EP	POCP	ADPE	ADPF
			kg CO ₂ equiv.	kg CFC 11 equiv.	kg SO ₂ equiv.	kg (PO₄)³- equiv.	kg C₂H₄ equiv.	kg Sb equiv.	MJ, net calorific value.
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product stage	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Floudet stage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	9.71e+0	3.25e-7	5.47e-2	1.10e-2	1.16e-2	3.89e-5	2.04e+2
Construction	Transport	A4	1.00e-1	1.91e-8	3.45e-4	9.08e-5	7.13e-5	1.69e-7	1.57e+0
process stage	Construction	A5	1.96e-1	6.89e-9	1.10e-3	2.22e-4	2.33e-4	7.81e-7	4.12e+0
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	B3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
End of life	Transport	C2	1.00e-1	1.91e-8	3.45e-4	9.08e-5	7.13e-5	1.69e-7	1.57e+0
End of life	Waste processing	C3	1.62e-8	1.05e-15	8.80e-11	2.02e-11	5.01e-12	1.96e-14	2.50e-7
	Disposal	C4	1.97e-3	5.18e-10	1.38e-5	4.52e-6	2.29e-6	2.79e-9	4.83e-2
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND

GWP = Global Warming Potential; ODP = Ozone Depletion Potential;

AP = Acidification Potential for Soil and Water;

EP = Eutrophication Potential;

POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric Ozone; ADPE = Abiotic Depletion Potential – Elements; ADPF = Abiotic Depletion Potential – Fossil Fuels;

LCA Results (continued)

Parameters describing resource use, primary energy										
			PERE	PERM	PERT	PENRE	PENRM	PENRT		
			MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ		
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG		
Due du et ete se	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG		
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG		
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	2.58e+1	1.91e-2	2.58e+1	1.38e+2	7.81e+1	2.16e+2		
Construction	Transport	A4	2.37e-2	5.92e-8	2.37e-2	1.56e+0	0.00e+0	1.56e+0		
process stage	Construction	A5	5.17e-1	3.81e-4	5.17e-1	4.34e+0	0.00e+0	4.34e+0		
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Refurbishment	В5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Operational water use	В7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Transport	C2	2.37e-2	5.92e-8	2.37e-2	1.56e+0	0.00e+0	1.56e+0		
End of life	Waste processing	C3	2.16e-8	3.90e-14	2.16e-8	3.33e-7	0.00e+0	3.33e-7		
	Disposal	C4	1.47e-3	4.03e-9	1.47e-3	4.86e-2	0.00e+0	4.86e-2		
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy used as raw materials;

PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;

PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources;

PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding nonrenewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;

PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resource

LCA Results (continued)

Parameters of	describing res	ource	use, secondary n	naterials and fuels	s, use of water	
			SM	RSF	NRSF	FW
			kg	MJ net calorific value	MJ net calorific value	m³
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Draduat ataga	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	2.44e-1
Construction	Transport	A4	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	3.64e-4
process stage	Construction	A5	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	4.88e-3
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	B3	MND	MND	MND	MND
Jse stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	MND	MND	MND	MND
and of life	Transport	C2	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	3.64e-4
End of life	Waste processing	C3	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	6.65e-11
	Disposal	C4	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	5.43e-5
Potential penefits and oads beyond he system poundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	MND	MND	MND	MND

SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels;

NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Net use of fresh water

LCA Results (continued)

Other environmental information describing waste categories								
			HWD	NHWD	RWD			
			kg	kg	kg			
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG			
Draduat ataga	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG			
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG			
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	4.34e-1	3.26e-1	1.54e-4			
Construction	Transport	A4	5.89e-4	1.34e-1	1.09e-5			
process stage	Construction	A5	8.69e-3	9.19e-2	3.29e-6			
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND			
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND			
	Repair	B3	MND	MND	MND			
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND			
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND			
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND			
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND			
	Deconstructio n, demolition	C1	MND	MND	MND			
Final of life	Transport	C2	5.89e-4	1.34e-1	1.09e-5			
End of life	Waste processing	C3	3.80e-11	4.04e-10	1.83e-12			
	Disposal	C4	3.63e-5	1.90e-1	2.99e-7			
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	MND	MND	MND			

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed;

RWD = Radioactive waste disposed

LCA Results (continued)

Other enviro	nmental inform	nation	describing output	ut flows – at end	of life	
			CRU	MFR	MER	EE
			kg	kg	kg	MJ per energy carrier
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product stage	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
FIDUUCI Slage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	0.00e+0	6.34e-2	3.31e-2	0.00e+0
Construction	Transport	A4	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	0.00e+0
process stage	Construction	A5	0.00e+0	1.27e-3	4.27e-2	0.00e+0
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Transport	C2	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	0.00e+0
End of life	Waste processing	C3	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	1.92e+0	0.00e+0
	Disposal	C4	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	0.00e+0
Potential benefits and oads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	MND	MND	MND	MND

CRU = Components for reuse; MFR = Materials for recycling MER = Materials for energy recovery; EE = Exported Energy

Scenarios and additional technical information

Scenarios and add	itional technical information								
Scenario	Parameter	Units	Results						
	Description of scenario								
A.4. Turning and the theory	Fuel type / Vehicle type	Litre of fuel type per distance or vehicle type	Lorry >32 metric tons						
A4 – Transport to the building site	Distance:	km	523						
	Capacity utilisation (incl. empty returns)	%	86						
	Bulk density of transported products	kg/m ³	32						
A5 – Installation in the building	Description of scenario	I	1						
	Installation wastage rate	% of product	2						
	Installation waste sent to landfill	kg	0.042						
C2, C3, C4 – End of life	Description of scenario	1	1						
	Transport type	Vehicle type	Lorry >32 metric tons						
	Distance	km	523						
	Crushing and compacting of waste into briquettes	MJ	9.72E-08						
	Waste for energy recovery	kg	1.92						
	Waste to landfill	kg	0.19						

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UK Statistics on Waste report that the recovery rate from non-hazardous construction and demolition waste is approx. 91% at of 2016 (from UK Statistics on Waste, https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/784263/UK Statistics on Waste statistical notice March 2019 rev FINAL.pdf

CEN. Thermal insulation products for building equipment and industrial installations - Factory made rigid polyurethane foam (PUR) and polyisocyanurate foam (PIR) products – Specification - EN 14308/PRA1. Brussels, CEN, 2018